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MANN

Whitehall St.

COXEY AT THE BAR.

The General Has to Answer for Getting on the Grass.

SEVERAL PROFFER HELP TO HIM

United States Senators and Representatives Go to His Aid.

WEALERS STILL REFUSE TO WORK

They Can Get Something to Do if They Are Anxious, but They Decline to Labor.

Washington, May 4.—Jacob S. Coxe, commander of the commonwealth of Christ, Mr. Coxe, the chief marshal, and Christo-

phus Jones, leader of the Philadel-phia contingent of the army of peace, were tried in the city police court today on the charge of violating the United States statutes in unlawfully displaying a banner or device in the capitol grounds and in breaking shrubbery and plants there.

The case was called at 10 o'clock, after a number of minor cases had been disposed of. At this hour every seat in the court-room was occupied and a number of people were standing around the walls, but the chamber was by no means crowded.

Andrew Lipscomb, formerly assistant district attorney, who had been retained by the defendants, was accompanied by a group of popular congressmen, including Lafe Pence, of Colorado; Hudson, of Kansas; Bowen, of Minnesota, and Kem, of Nebraska; Colonel Redstone, the local Coxe agent, and Mrs. Rucker, a lawyer and a commonwealth sympathizer.

Mr. Lipscomb opened the case by filing a motion to quash the information against the defendants on the ground that the law under which they were charged was void, in that it prohibited the constitutional rights of petition for a redress of grievances and conferred on the speaker of the house and the president of the senate certain prerogatives contrary to the constitution.

Alexander Muloney, assistant United States district attorney, followed Mr. Lipscomb with an amended information, which charged Coxe, Browne and Jones with simply "stepping upon the turf in the capitol grounds instead of injuring shrubs and plants, in addition to the charge of carrying a banner or device into the capitol reservation.

Muloney told the court that Mr. A. Birney, the United States district attorney, would represent the government and a minute later he entered.

Samuel Hyman, who appeared for Browne and Jones, opened the case with a motion to quash on the ground that the information was bad in substance.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, arose and said that he did not appear as an attorney, but merely for the purpose of seeing the men on trial have a fair and impartial hearing, which he was sure would be accorded them. The senator took the position that congress could not pass a law, the operation of which would deprive the judgment of some other branch of the government or some other individual. As was provided in section 10 of the act in question, congress had no power to pass a law which might be suspended by any other official or individual of the land. Congress might as well give power to the governor of his state or the czar of Russia as to confer it upon the vice president or the speaker of the house of representatives, who were mentioned in the statute as the proper persons to give power or license to pass through the capitol grounds or carry a banner. He contended that the power of the executive branch of the government was full and ample. Therefore, he said, that the exercise of such a power on the part of the president or vice president is a power to nullify and set aside a law made by congress. He held that the law under which the information was charged was unconstitutional. The power to assemble and petition congress for a redress of grievances carries with it the judgment of some other branch of the government, and the right to assemble is at the seat of government. It is all right if they assemble and present a petition to congress by staying in Pennsylvania or anywhere else. "Now I want to know," Mr. Allen said, "where the line of demarcation is?"

Judge Miller interrupted Senator Allen to say no man, who was a citizen of the United States, had the right to assemble and had a right to petition congress for redress of whatever grievances he might have, but it depended upon what manner the petition was presented and the laws were clearly against such an assembly in the capitol grounds.

Senator Allen continued by contending that so long as the petition was presented so as not to obstruct the highways, so long as they did not undertake to enter the halls of congress, the courts were powerless to interfere. Congress had the power to legislate, but not to legislate to prevent a peaceable assembly.

Judge Miller's Decision.

After Mr. Lipscomb had been heard also for the defense Judge Miller said that if congress had the right to prevent a body of men from entering the senate chamber to present their grievance they certainly had the same right to say whether the same body should enter the capitol grounds. The argument made by the counsel for the defense was a perversion and a subterfuge, and should receive no serious attention. The invasion of the capitol grounds was a gross violation of the police regulation made to carry out the law of congress. The petition to petition congress for redress of grievances, which was whether the laws or regulations for the protection of the capitol grounds had been violated by Mr. Coxe.

The judge went on to explain his views and the question when Carl Browne, who was standing directly in front of the judge, made a remark interrupting the magistrate. Judge Miller reprimanded Browne and said that if he made another remark he would order him locked up.

Representative Van Voorhis, of New York, who was present as a spectator, held that the complaint was not sufficient to place Mr. Coxe behind iron bars. It was the most trivial case imaginable. This gentleman, whom he did not know and had never seen before, walked peacefully into Ohio with a petition in his hand and while on the way was clubbed by a policeman.

At this point Judge Miller interrupted to say that the fact was not under consideration; that the question was whether the indictment was legal.

The motion was overruled and then Representative Pence, of California, notified

the court that he would defend Coxe.

Mr. Lipscomb made a motion for a severance of the cases on the ground that various offenses charged against Coxe and Browne occurred at a different place and time, but he was also overruled by Judge Miller and the case was continued.

A Jury Selected.

The court reassembled at 1:30 o'clock and after some delay a jury was selected and sworn, consisting of the following persons: T. O. Jones, W. W. Hazlem, grocer; G. W. McGruber, W. M. Bailey, painter; W. J. Hollenden, builder; William Hollenbeck, dealer; John J. Dix, colored, barber; John C. Crow, real estate; R. B. Tretter, stenographer; William J. Reinhart, shoe dealer, and A. A. McLoskey.

Assistant District Attorney Muloney then addressed the jury explaining the charges against Coxe, Browne and Jones and the law applicable to the charges. The hearing of testimony was then begun.

The principal witness was Major Moore, chief of police. He stated that he gave Coxe a permit to parade, but the permit denied Coxe the permission to march through public reservations. He told Coxe that he could not speak on the capitol grounds, but Coxe replied that, "as the schedule had been called out so far, he intended to complete it."

They Didn't Want Work.

A real estate owner who wished to clear a lot for a building, offered Coxe a beautiful location for his camp and \$500 in cash if the commonwealth would do the work which would occupy them several weeks. The offer was made in good faith and Coxe was inclined to accept, but Browne was unwilling to move the camp so far from Washington, so the offer was declined.

Coxey said in court today that he had not yet been successful in renting a new place for the camp. His object is to keep the march in the capitol grounds, so that he can continue to exhibit them and gather in the quarter dollars paid to see his show, but the novelty of the whole business was now worn out.

Fry's Army.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 4.—General Fry's industrial army will leave here Sunday for Washington. It is expected that the army will number about a thousand, and is issued to the public in which the railroads are denounced for refusing them transportation. The mayor asked for denying them the right to travel on the railroads. The American Bible Society criticized for refusing to furnish them with Testaments and the local press severely censured for speaking slightly of the movement. The army is in hard lines and is kept together with difficulty. They will leave on foot and in wagons.

Did Not Steal a Train.

Tacoma, Wash., May 4.—The latest information from the scene of last night's disturbance on the Northern Pacific railroad is that the Puget Sound commonwealthers did not steal a train, as the rumor had it, but on board in large numbers, but made no attempt to take charge of it. When ordered to get off they did so, but immediately returned to the train. The plan is to steal their way to Spokane in small squads, making that city their rendezvous, and then proceed east via the Great Northern. The trains were tracked at Palouse, where United States marshals have gone there to take charge of it.

Fitzgerald's Crusaders.

New York, May 4.—Socialists and populists to the number of a thousand, gathered in the Germania assembly rooms this evening to welcome the crusaders under General Fitzgerald, from Boston. Morrison I. Swift, the organizer, addressed the assembly. He launched off into a denunciation of the police of New York. Then he told about a flag he had designed for the use of the crusaders. It was a blue and white flag with a blue and white body and yellow spots painted on it. The flag would stand for the brass buttons of the crusaders and the gold dollars of the capitalists. This, he thought, would very properly typify the spirit of the American people today. Times of the working class would be the times of the crusade, which was controlled by the populists and socialists.

At 10 o'clock tomorrow the army will start for Washington.

ANOTHER WEARY DAY.

Quay Entertains the Senators by Reading Magazine Articles.

Washington, May 4.—Immediately after the routine morning business in the senate Mr. Huntton asked unanimous consent to proceed to the consideration of the bill to amend the act relating to the dynamite gun cruiser Vesuvius.

"Before that bill is considered," Mr. Allison remarked, "we should be sure of the presence of a quorum."

The roll was thereupon called and forty-eight senators—five more than a quorum—responded.

Mr. Huntton then renewed his request, but Mr. Chandler manifested a desire to debate the bill. Mr. Harris objected, and on his motion the senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill.

The amendments agreed upon in the democratic conference yesterday relating to the income tax on corporations were presented, and the bill was read a second time.

Then Mr. Quay began the first installment of his speech. Mr. Quay's speech consisted largely of extracts from newspapers and magazines touching the sugar trust and of voluminous tables showing the production of sugar in various countries, the quantities imported into the United States and the price of the raw and refined article. These were all read at full length and in the most monotonous of voices either by Mr. Quay or by Mr. Gallinger, who occupied the time of the reading. Finally at 2 o'clock this afternoon the patience of the democratic senators seemed to be exhausted and Mr. Harris moved for adjournment. This motion was agreed to.

The doors remained closed until 2:30 o'clock, when the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The House Devotes the Day to Its Consideration.

Washington, May 4.—This being Friday consideration of the private calendar was the order in the house under the rules, but the motion to take it up was not made and the day was devoted to the consideration of the river and harbor bill.

The invasion of the capitol grounds was a gross violation of the police regulation made to carry out the law of congress. The petition to petition congress for redress of grievances, which was whether the laws or regulations for the protection of the capitol grounds had been violated by Mr. Coxe.

The judge went on to explain his views and the question when Carl Browne, who was standing directly in front of the judge, made a remark interrupting the magistrate. Judge Miller reprimanded Browne and said that if he made another remark he would order him locked up.

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The motion was overruled and then Representative Pence, of California, notified

BLUE GRASS WOMEN

Lexington's Ladies Protest Against Breckinridge's Renomination.

THEY APPEAL TO THE VOTERS

William Seems Destined to Fare Dike's Deserved Fate.

THE OLD MAN HAS PLENTY OF NERVE

He Returns to His District and Gets an Ovation—The Only His Come from the Locomotive.

Lexington, Ky., May 4.—In anticipation of Colonel Breckinridge's campaign for renomination for congress, this city is rapidly filling up with politicians and newspaper correspondents. The excitement is intense, and there are already signs of serious trouble among the factions. It was rumored today that Senator Hodges, editor of The Observer, had threatened to hold Editor Moore responsible for any attack his paper contained on Hodges's defense of Breckinridge. Editor Moore had the senator placed under a \$500 bond to keep the peace.

Breckinridge at Lexington.

Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge arrived at Lexington at 6:30 o'clock this afternoon, over the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad. Five hundred citizens were present to meet him, the larger number of them being his supporters. His son, Desha, was the first man to shake hands with him as he alighted from the train. His admirers then crowded around him so rapidly that his progress was stopped, and he had to shake hands with at least three hundred stalwart Kentuckians.

While this pleasant proceeding was going on an old gray-headed man shouted: "Three cheers for Breckinridge!" Two hundred voices responded, not with three, but with three times three cheers, which drowned the hissing steam escaping from the locomotive. Colonel Breckinridge and he were feeling unusually well, but that Mr. Breckinridge had remained in Washington on account of a slight indisposition.

"I will speak here this afternoon," said the congressman, "and at Paris next Monday. I have no further plans, but I will consult several of my friends here and we may decide on something additional. I am well pleased with the warm reception I have received."

The Women's Appeal.

The women of Lexington will be out tomorrow with the following: "To the Voters of the Democratic Party—The women of Lexington and Ashland district protest against the nomination of W. C. P. Breckinridge for congress. As you are the voters we trust that you will refuse to return him as your representative. By doing so you will save the peace and progress of human society, which from every quarter calls for this right and holy action."

CALL FORCES THE FIGHT.

He Is Doing All He Can to Defeat Wilson.

Washington, May 4.—(Special.)—The fight over the confirmation of George W. Wilson, collector of internal revenue for Florida, is still waging in the senate. The entire executive session of more than three hours was devoted to it today. Senator Pasco is fighting for Wilson. Senator Call is vigorous and almost vicious against him. Mr. Call is almost making it a personal matter in calling upon his brother senators to aid him. It looks as though the contest between the two Florida senators, Wilson and Pasco, will be a personal one, and while all is quiet, apprehension is felt, because every day marks a reduction in the food supply of the strikers.

Alabama Strikers.

Birmingham, Ala., May 4.—The coal miners' strike in this district seems no nearer solution than when it began three weeks ago. Both strikers and operators are in a deadlock. The continuation of the strike much longer threatens to cause the closing down of such industries as the steel and iron works. The coal supply is already a number of coke ovens have banked, and two furnaces are preparing to blow out. It looks as though the strike will be long one, and while all is quiet, apprehension is felt, because every day marks a reduction in the food supply of the strikers.

MINERS ARRESTED.

A Threatening Notice Is Posted in the Mining Section.

Birmingham, Ala., May 4.—(Special.)—Today Ed Humphrey, Dave Humphrey, John Smith, Thomas Evans and John Kennedy, striking miners, were arrested at Blue Creek, for trespassing upon the Tennessee company's property after working. They will be tried tomorrow. At Little Warrior, where a few days ago, operators were fired upon at the head of the mine, this morning threatening notices were posted to trees, signed with a crudely drawn pistol and dagger.

The signs have created a deal of excitement, and the miners are hereby warned to quit work by all the respectable miners of Alabama, and stay out with the rest of us who are trying to earn living wages. At Little Warrior, where a few days ago, operators were fired upon at the head of the mine, this morning threatening notices were posted to trees, signed with a crudely drawn pistol and dagger.

All Out at Coal Creek.

Jellico, Tenn., May 4.—W. C. Webb, member of the national committee of the United Mine Workers' Association, has just returned from Coal Creek where he has been in the interest of the organization. He reports all quiet work today. All but one mine there quit work last Monday, and the miners had resumed work again. They were now out to stay until a national settlement is reached. Upon the success of the Coal Creek miners depends the success of the Jellico region. Webb says the outlook for success is bright for the miners.

PRIMARIES IN HAMILTON COUNTY.

The Programme for the Convention Seems Pretty Well Made Up.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 4.—(Special.)—Primaries were held in every precinct in Hamilton county tonight by the democrats to nominate candidates for county offices. The only places on the ticket over which there were contests were those of sheriff, county judge and county clerk. The ticket which will be named at tomorrow's convention will be for county judge, for present incumbent, Hugh Whiteside; for county clerk, Bob Cooke; for sheriff, L. J. Smith.

R. L. Craig, Robert Henderson and H. P. Rogers will be nominated respectively for trustee, circuit court clerk and register without opposition. Four candidates were in the race for shirley honors, but it is conceded that Sharp, ex-county chairman of the campaign committee, will win. Whitford and Ansley, railroad returned from a former state representative, for judge.

Candidates here never worked so hard before nor did our politics ever flourish as now. A heavy vote was polled tonight in the wards, but no serious disorders occurred.

Work Resumed at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., May 4.—Work was resumed on a dozen public improvements this morning. The many public buildings which have been running full blast. Protection is assured for every man who cares to work. The least attempt to provoke a riot means arrest and a fine. There have been amended so as to include companies and associations.

At the end of section 5, which regulates

the payment of the tax by persons drawing salaries in excess of \$1,000, there has been added the following provision:

"Provided, that salaries due to state, county or municipal officers shall be exempt from the income tax herein levied."

At the end of section 55, which relates to the method of computing and estimating incomes, there has been added the following:

"Provided, also, that in computing the income of any person, corporation, or partnership, there shall not be included the amount received from any corporation, company or association, if the tax of 2 per cent has been paid upon its net profits by said corporation, company or association as required by this act."

From section 56, which describes what shall be included, the following clause has been expunged:

"And the share of any person in the gains or profits of all companies, whether incorporated or not, who were not included to the same if divided, whether divided or otherwise, except the amount of income received from institutions or corporations whose shares, as required by this act, are a percentage of the dividends, interest, gains, profits and income made by such institutions or corporations and pay the same to the officer authorized to receive the same."

Editors in St. Augustine.

They See Everything Interesting in the Old City and Depart Happy.

St. Augustine, Fla., May 4.—(Special.)—A perfect May afternoon greeted the tourist party of the International League of Press Clubs when it reached this city at 4 o'clock of Jacksonville. No stop was made at St. Augustine. At the station there the party was met by Mayor Finkham, leading a citizens' committee, Mr. E. J. Ingraham, representing Mr. H. M. Flagler and his interests here, and Joseph Richardson, general passenger agent of the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Indian River railroad.

Augustine and Indian River railroad. The party was met by Mayor Finkham, leading a citizens' committee, Mr. E. J. Ingraham, representing Mr. H. M. Flagler and his interests here, and Joseph Richardson, general passenger agent of the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Indian River railroad.

The order which practically compelled the employees to accept a lower rate of wages, and which prevented the officers of the labor organizations from the discharge of one of the most important functions in their possession, is in the opinion of the committee, a gross abuse of judicial authority, without the warrant of law, and void. The committee is also of the opinion that the men had a perfect right to withdraw from the services of the company, singly or in a body, if they saw fit to do so; that they had a lawful right to combine to obtain the best terms of employment and any order of the court which practically deprived them of that right is a violation of their personal liberty. The injurious effect of an exercise by them of a lawful right in the interests of corporations and the public could not justly be taken into consideration by the court. The committee finds no sufficient evidence to sustain any charges against the judges who have conscientiously believed that he had the power to issue the writ complained of and that a proper occasion for the exercise of this power was presented. The committee recommended, however, that to set at rest and doubt on the subject, a prohibitory statute be enacted which will prevent any corporation, company or association from recommending the enactment of a statute drifting and limiting the powers of United States judges in proceedings for contempt.

INCOME TAX AMENDMENTS.

Senator Vest Reports the Committee Amendments.

Washington, May 4.—Senator Vest, from the senate committee on finance, this morning reported the committee amendments on the income tax which are as follows:

Sections 59, 60 and 61 are stricken out and the following section substituted therefor:

"That there shall be levied and collected a tax of 2 per cent per annum on the net profits or income, above ordinary working or operating expenses, of all banks, banking institutions, companies or associations, insurance companies, life and other insurance companies, railroad, canal, telegraph, express, electric light and gas companies, corporations, companies or associations doing business for profit in the United States, no matter how small the amount of the net profits or income."

That such tax shall be paid on or before the first day of July in each year, and if the president or other chief officer of any corporation, company or association neglects or refuses to file with the collector of internal revenues for the district in which said corporation, company or association is located or engaged in business, a statement verified by oath or affirmation, showing the amount of net profits or income received by said corporation, company or association during the whole calendar year preceding the date of filing said statement as hereinafter required, the collector, company or association making default shall forfeit as a penalty the sum of \$1,000 and 10 per cent of the amount of taxes due, for each month until the same is paid, the payment of said penalty to be enforced as provided in other cases of neglect and refusal to pay penalties and the funds used under the internal revenue laws.

"That the net profits or income of all corporations, companies or associations shall include the amounts paid to shareholders and bondholders, or holders of certificates of indebtedness of any kind, or carried to the account of fund, or used for construction, enlargement of plant, or any other expenditure or investment representing the net profits made or accrued by said corporations, companies or associations."

Church Incomes Exempt.

"That nothing herein contained shall apply to states, counties or municipalities, nor to corporations, companies or associations organized and conducted solely for charitable, religious or educational purposes, nor to the stocks, shares, funds or securities sold by any fiduciary or trustee for charitable, religious or educational purposes; nor to such building and loan associations as are organized under the laws of any state or territory or the District of Columbia which make loans only to their shareholders or members to provide for themselves homes."

There are twenty-two additional amendments designed to remove certain objectionable features and lessen the stringency of the law. Where a penalty is attached in the case of neglect or refusal to return the collector is directed to make the list by the examination of the person, etc., the words "by the examination of his books or accounts" being stricken out.

In many places the word "corporation" alone is used. These have been amended so as to include companies and associations.

At the end of section 5, which regulates

SCORING JENKINS.

That Special Investigating Committee Makes an Adverse Report.

HE EXCEEDED HIS AUTHORITY

Laborers Have the Right to Strike at Any Time.

NEW LEGISLATION IS URGED

The Law as It Stands Needs Clearing Up. The Judge May Have Been Thoroughly Conscientious in His Decision.

Washington, May 4.—The subcommittee of the house committee on judiciary which was appointed to investigate the circumstances attending the issue of an injunction enjoining the Northern Pacific employees from striking and to inquire as to whether Judge Jenkins, who issued the injunction, had exceeded his judicial power and used his office to intimidate the employees of the railroad company, made their report to the full committee today. The report was read to the committee, but no action was taken upon it. It is signed by Messrs. Roather and Terry, the two democratic members of the committee. It is probable that Mr. Stone, the republican member of the subcommittee, may make a minority report after the full committee shall have considered the subcommittee report. The subcommittee find that the object and purpose of both writs of injunction was to prevent the employees of the Northern Pacific Railway Company from striking, that is, from withdrawing from the service in a body, which the court was informed by the officials of the road would result in a suspension of its operations and inflict great damage to the property and inconvenience to the general public.

The order which practically compelled the employees to accept a lower rate of wages, and which prevented the officers of the labor organizations from the discharge of one of the most important functions in their possession, is in the opinion of the committee, a gross abuse of judicial authority, without the warrant of law, and void. The committee is also of the opinion that the men had a perfect right to withdraw from the services of the company, singly or in a body, if they saw fit to do so; that they had a lawful right to combine to obtain the best terms of employment and any order of the court which practically deprived them of that right is a violation of their personal liberty. The injurious effect of an exercise by them of a lawful right in the interests of corporations and the public could not justly be taken into consideration by the court. The committee finds no sufficient evidence to sustain any charges against the judges who have conscientiously believed that he had the power to issue the writ complained of and that a proper occasion for the exercise of this power was presented. The committee recommended, however, that to set at rest and doubt on the subject, a prohibitory statute be enacted which will prevent any corporation, company or association from recommending the enactment of a statute drifting and limiting the powers of United States judges in proceedings for contempt.

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DULL WEEK IN TRADE.

Complaint Is Heard from Nearly Every Line of Business.

GENERAL CONDITIONS ARE BAD

But This Country Is Quick to Recuperate After Depression.

WONDERFUL WHAT IT CAN STAND

With Gold Going Abroad and Threatened Demoralization in Various Directions Trade Is Only One-third Off.

New York, May 4.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say: "It is now, as it has been for nearly a year, the annual, intelligent observation of the United States suffers so little from reverses which other lands share, but which fall more heavily here than anywhere else. The past week has seen events which would suffice to cause or to explain much disaster. Strikes of nearly all bituminous coal miners and coke workers, with numerous strikes of intelligent observers of many manufacturing works in consequence, arrest of traffic on several great rail

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excesses. Nervous Prostration, Par-
alysis, Consumption, Blood and Skin Dis-
eases, Syphilis, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Ulcerated Throat, Mouth and
Tongue, Eczema and Skin and Face Eruptions,
Cystitis, Frequency in Passing Water, Varico-
cele, Hydrocele, Genito-Urinary Dis-
eases, Stricture of the Urethra, male and fe-
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men; 2 cts. for question list for females. Terms
reasonable.

DR. W. W. BOWES,
15% MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

FISH, FISH, FISH.
Dopson, Clarke & Daniels, the Fresh
Fish Men

of Atlanta, can supply you with anything
in the fish line, such as roe shad, pom-
pano, red snapper, trout, whiting, black
fish, mullet. We keep a full supply always
on hand. All fish cleaned and delivered
free. All fish guaranteed fresh. Give us
a trial order. Special attention given to
out-of-town orders. 115 Whitehall. Phone
508.

SAVANNAH & WESTERN RAILROAD CO

1st Consolidated Mgt. Bonds.

It has been deemed desirable that a com-
mittee acting solely in the interests of the
First Consolidated Mortgage Bondholders
of the Savannah & Western Railroad Com-
pany should be formed, and the under-
signed, at the request of holders of a large
amount of such bonds, have consented to
act as such committee.

It is of the greatest importance to the
interests of bondholders that a prompt de-
posit of bonds should be made hereunder.
Bondholders are requested to deposit their
bonds with the Mercantile Trust Company,
New York, at 100 Broadway, or with the
Trust Company of Georgia, 115 Whitehall, or
from any of the undersigned:

JOHN P. TOWNSEND,
EMMANUEL MAN,
THOMAS DENNY,
F. M. COLSTON.

ap-16-tues thurs sat.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY,
LEXINGTON, KY.

Highest award at World's Exposition.
Bookkeeping, Business, English, Pen-
manship, Writing and Telegraphy taught. 1000 Stu-
dents. Tuition free. Catalogue sent on request.
WILMER E. SMITH, Pres., Lexington, Ky.
april 28-4t sat 4t wkly

et, Telephone 433

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER.

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

No. 108 CANAL STREET

CINCINNATI, O.

DEGIE'S THEATRES

THE GRAND.

Tuesday Evening, May 8th. Return En-
gagement of Mr. and Mrs.

SIDNEY DREW

PRESENTING

MPS. JOHN

Supported by a Superb Company.

Producing for the First Time in This City

Thomas Coleman's Comedy,

The Jealous Wife.

Regular Prices.

DeGIE'S OPERA HOUSE.

ALL THIS WEEK!

Huntley-Farley

COMEDY COMPANY!

PRESENTING AT MATINEE TODAY

CONFUSION.

TONIGHT

THE STRANGLERS OF PARIS.

Night Prices—10, 20 and 30c.

Matinee Prices—10 and 20c.

JURORS DISAGREE.

The Case Against E. D. Mathews, of Pike
County, Remains Unsettled.

UNDER INDICTMENT FOR LARCENY

He Declares That the County's Money Was
Stolen from Him—Judge Bartlett a
Witness in the Trial.

Zebulon, Ga., May 4.—(Special.)—The April
adjudged term of Pike superior court
which has been in session this week, ad-
judged this morning, Judge Griggs, of the
Pataula circuit, presided. The extra ses-
sion of the court was appointed for the
trial of criminal cases in which Judge
Hunt was disqualified.

The principal case was that of the state
against E. D. Mathews, who is charged
with larceny of the county's money. This
case excited much interest throughout the
county because of the nature of the offense
and the high character of the defendant.
In 1889 Rev. C. W. Oliver, one of the best
and purest men in the county, was elected
tax collector. Being illiterate, he employed
Mr. E. D. Mathews, a man good in figures,
to assist him. On October 25, 1892, having
made a round of several tax appointments,
the collector and his assistant stopped at
the home of Mr. Mathews and counted out
\$1,798. Leaving this amount with Mr. Mat-
thews, Mr. Oliver left for his home with
the understanding that they meet on the
following Monday in Barroville and pay
over the same to the school commissioner.
This was on Friday and Mr. Mathews
claims that after supper that night, he was
called out to his store, which he kept at
home, and was seized by a white man and
a negro, knocked down, stabbed and
robbed of \$1,798 of the tax money. His theo-
ry of the robbery was not accepted by a
large number of the citizens, as the facts
and circumstances did not seem to corrob-
orate it, and suspicion pointed to him as the
guilty party. He was indicted and after
several continuances the case was brought
to trial Wednesday morning, Judge Jud-
ge, of Zebulon, and Messrs. Daniel &
Boynton, of Griffin, represented the de-
fendant, and E. W. Hammond, of Griffin, and
Solicitor Beck represented the state. The
case was ably argued by counsel on both
sides and at 1:30 o'clock p. m. yesterday
was given to the jury. This morning the
jury notified the judge that they could not
agree, whereupon Judge Griggs declared a
mistrial and adjourned court.

The case of Charles Porch, who assassi-
nated Bud Mathews on April 16th, near
Milver, was continued.

Annual Sermon of Veterans.

At 11 o'clock tomorrow at the Fourth
Presbyterian church the annual sermon to
the confederate veterans will be preached.
Rev. Dr. Cleveland, chaplain of the Pul-
ton County Confederate Veterans' Associa-
tion and pastor of the above church, will
deliver the sermon. The church was in-
vited to the Edgewood avenue and In-
man Park cars, which run within a few
feet of the church doors.

A most cordial invitation is extended to
all the old soldiers and their friends to be
present.

CALL FOR A STATE CONVENTION

Of the Woman's Christian Temperance

Union.

The twelfth annual state convention of
the Woman's Christian Temperance Union
will be held in Rome, Ga., May 25th to 28th,
inclusive.

Representatives from other state temper-
ance organizations, from church and mis-
sionary societies, Christian Endeavor, and
other benevolent and philanthropic or-
ganizations, are invited in conference with
the best ways and means of rescuing the
enemy and in prayer for deliverance.

Entertainment will be furnished by the
good people of Rome. Railroad rates will
be reduced, as usual, on return tickets.
Delegates will please purchase return tick-
ets on leaving home, have them sighted and
re-sighted at the convention. They are re-
quested to send their names to Mrs. S. F.
Harvey, Rome, Ga., for entertainment.

A most cordial invitation is extended to
all to wear the right ribbon. Respectfully,
MRS. W. C. SIBLEY,
President, W. C. T. U., Ga.

MRS. WALTER B. HILL,
Vice President.

MRS. MARY E. FREEMAN,
Corresponding Secretary.

MISS EMILIE STEWART,
Recording Secretary.

MRS. C. H. SMITH,
Treasurer.

The Great Baptist Special.

This elegant and fast train will run by
the Georgia Pacific railway, via Birmingham,
leaving Atlanta at 9:30 o'clock p. m.,
May 8th, and arriving at Dallas, Tex., at
a. m. May 10th. Through elegant Pullman
sleepers and dining cars. The train will
be equipped with free reclining chair cars
throughout without charge. The Georgia Pa-
cific is the shortest route to the South.
Trip tickets will be sold May 7th, 8th and
9th at rate one-third the regular fare.
From date of sale. These tickets will be
good on all trains, both going and return-
ing, and the patrons of the Georgia Pacific
will not only secure the most superior
travel, but have on this route the company
of very prominent Baptists and citizens of
the south. For particulars apply to A. A.
Vernoy, passenger agent, or W. H. Taylor,
district passenger agent Georgia Pacific
railway, Atlanta.

In your blood poor? Take Beecham's Pills.

DUPLICATE WHIST.

National Method.

With whist playing cards, index cards,
cards, rubber bands and illustrated
book of rules, all ready for play, for \$4.
Whist experts and American Whist League
endorse it. All explained in two lines. High-
est in merit, lowest in price, simplest in
detail, greatest in possibilities. Also a large
lot of Foster's Duplicate Whist and Whist
Strategy, at \$1.25 per copy, by mail. Large
for sale by John M. Miller, agent, No. 29
Marietta street. ap30 1m

Professor Agostini

invites the ladies and children to the open-
ing of his dancing school this after-
noon at 5 o'clock. Rites armory, corner
Peachtree and Marietta street. May 4-2t

BAPTISTS TO DALLAS.

Special Trains! Through Cars! Short-

est Route! Quickest Schedule!—The

"Baptist Special" Leaves Atlanta via

the Georgia Pacific at 9:30 p. m.,

Tuesday, May 8th.

Every mail is bringing additional names
of prominent Baptists to be taken care of
on the Georgia Pacific special train leave-
ing this place for Dallas, May 8th, 9:30
o'clock p. m. The Birmingham route offers
through cars, the quickest and most inter-
esting trip, 200 miles the shortest line, and
the people know they will not be disap-
pointed if they take the Georgia Pacific.
Remember you have choice of three lines
from Birmingham. If you want to go via
Memphis, via Shreveport, or via New Or-
leans, send your name to No. 10, Kimball
house, and all arrangements will be made
for you.

This is the Popular Line.

Two hundred miles the shortest.

Special Train Leaves Atlanta 9:30 o'clock p. m., May 8th.

Daily through cars, leaving Atlanta at 4:30 o'clock p. m., by

the Georgia Pacific Railway.

Attend

auction sale today at 2:30 p. m. at No. 158

Mills street.

GOODE, BECK & CO., Agents.

Old papers for sale at

The Constitution Office

20 cents per hundred.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

Dr. Pierce's

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

People become thin, pale, puny and "nervous," when their blood is impoverished, or poor. All the tissues are fed from the blood. When the vital fluid becomes impoverished and poor, the nerves, no less than the muscles, suffer, and sleeplessness, neuralgia, nervous prostration, debility, twitches, spasms and other distressing derangements follow. Thin, watery, weak, impoverished and impure blood also predisposes to all manner of scrofulous, scalp and skin diseases, and even consumption, or lung-scrofula, is among the common consequences which follow such a condition.

The best remedy is to be found, not in anodyne nerve medicines, so loudly recommended, which only "put the nerves to sleep," and, in the long run, "make a bad matter worse," but in a medicine which "strikes at the root" of the evil by purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood.

For this purpose Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the remedy *par excellence*. Unlike nasty cod liver oil and its filthy "Emulsions," it does not make fat, but builds up solid wholesome flesh and increases the strength, nerve force and vigor of all who use it.

For building up delicate, thin, puny, pale people, both children and adults, it has no equal. It does not render fat people more corpulent, for it does not make fat but wholesome flesh, thereby rounding out the face and figure of those who, from any cause, have become reduced in flesh below the healthy standard.

For Weak Lungs, Bleeding from Lungs, all Lingering Coughs, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Catarrh in the Head, Asthma and Consumption, or Lung-Scrofula, in its earlier stages, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the most positive remedy known to Medical Science.

We have a CLOUD OF WITNESSES to the above facts, but, for lack of space, can here introduce only the few following:

BLEEDING FROM LUNGS, CONSUMPTION.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Gentlemen—I wish to say to you that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery saved my life and made me a man; my home-physician says I am good for forty years yet. You will remember that my case was a case just between life and death, and all my friends were sure it was a case of death, until I commenced taking a second bottle of "Golden Medical Discovery," when I was able to sit up and the cough was very much better, and the bleeding from my lungs stopped, and before I had taken six bottles of the Golden Medical Discovery my cough ceased and I was a new man and ready for business.

(Before.)

C. H. HARRIS, Esq.

I was a new man and ready for business.

And now I feel that it is a duty that I owe to my fellow-men to recom-

mend to them the "Golden Medical Discovery," which I have taken and which has saved my life and all other medicines failed to do me any good.

I will send to you with this letter two of my photo-

graphs; one was taken a few weeks before I was taken down sick in bed, C. H. Harris, Esq., and the other was taken after I was well. For references, address C. H. HARRIS,

No. 1023 2d Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

(After.)

C. H. HARRIS, Esq.

After I was well.

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C. H. HARRIS, Esq.

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For references,

THE OUTLOOK BLUE

And Cotton, After an Encouraging Opening, Closes at the Lowest.

GOLD EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK \$4,500,000

The Railway List Advanced 1-4 to 1-8 For Cent-Sugar Advanced 2 Per Cent—Wheat 1 Cent Higher.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Speculation at the New York exchange today was confined almost exclusively to the Industrials. These stocks were active throughout and figured for 125,000 shares in a grand total of 199,000. Sugar was traded in the extent of 57,400, Chicago Gas 20,000, Whisky 20,000, and Lead 16,000. Sugar also scored the greatest advance, rising from 10 1/2 to 10 3/4. Lead rose 1/4 to 4 1/2, Chicago Gas 1/8 to 6 1/2, and Whisky 1/8 to 2 1/2. The strength and activity of the stocks named was due to announcements from Washington that the senate had agreed to pass the bill for the adequate protection and that the interests of the Lead people will be taken care of. The promised lead on the railroad accounts, and take place, the latter evidently being deterred by the fact that the engagement of gold for export by tomorrow's European steamers fell below expectations. The amount to be shipped today, this port and Boston amounts to \$2,500,000, of which \$2,000,000 was withdrawn from the treasury. The total gold exports this week for \$4,500,000. The market for the railroad accounts, a good effect on the railway market during the afternoon and an advance of 1/4 to 1/2 per cent ensued, the Grangers leading the upward movement. Northern Pacific, however, was exceptionally weak and fell 1/2 to 1/4. The general market left off steady except for the Industrials which were strong. Net changes for the day show gains of 1/4 to 1 1/2 per cent, the latter in sugar.

Railway and miscellaneous bonds were irregular.

Sales of listed stocks aggregated 173,000 shares; unlisted, 18,000.

Treasury balances: Coin, \$90,000,000; currency, \$31,515,000.

Money on call active at 1 per cent; last loan at 1, closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper 1/4 to 1/2 per cent.

Bar silver 67 1/2.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 48 1/2 to 48 3/4 for 60 days and 48 1/2 to 48 3/4 for demand; posted rates 48 1/2 to 49; commercial bills 48 1/2 to 49.

Government bonds steady; state bonds dull.

Railroad bonds irregular.

Silver at the board quiet.

The following are the closing quotations of future contracts:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Cotton	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/4
Sugar	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 3/4
Lead	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/4	4 1/2
Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

Foreign and Domestic News.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The stock market closed irregular but firm, especially for Sugar and Lead, both of which were in good demand to cover shorts. There were real gains in the early hours. The heavy short interest in Sugar induced heavy buyers to bid up the price and it is conceded that the amended sugar schedule will be passed with scarcely a dissenting vote.

Chicago Gas has been steadily absorbed all day by a leading commission house. If the friends of the commission house had in obtaining the necessary evidence, a successful peach Mr. Moloney for the peculiar motives he adopted in procuring a decision in his application for quo warranto proceedings, a motion will be made to postpone the Chicago Gas case until Monday.

The improvement in the cotton market has been thoroughly investigated by the proper authorities. The friends of the commission house have been thoroughly investigated by the proper authorities. The improvement in the cotton market has been thoroughly investigated by the proper authorities.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Cotton	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/4
Sugar	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 3/4
Lead	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/4	4 1/2
Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

NEW YORK, May 4.—The following are the latest receipts of cotton at United States ports:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Cotton	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/4
Sugar	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 3/4
Lead	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/4	4 1/2
Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

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Sugar	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 3/4
Lead	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/4	4 1/2
Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

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Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

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Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

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Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

estimates ranged all the way from 115 to 120.

Stocks were in good demand in the loan market.

A new and formidable short interest has been disclosed in National Lead.

Stocks which are difficult to loan except at high rates are National Lead, Sugar, and the Cammack brokers are large borrowers of Burlington and Quincy and Western Union.

Gold to the amount of \$3,150,000 was reported today for shipment today.

Earnings of Wabash for the fourth week in April decreased \$7,000.

Earnings of Ontario and Western for the fourth week in April decreased \$3,200.

London special: Bar silver is down 1/4 at 30d per ounce.

The Local Cotton Market.

Market closed middling 1/4.

Following is our statement of the receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Cotton	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/4
Sugar	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 3/4
Lead	4 1/2	4 3/4	4 1/4	4 1/2
Chicago Gas	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/4	6 1/2
Whisky	2 1/2	2 3/4	2 1/4	2 1/2

Atlanta and Violett & Co's Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to J. C. Knox, Manager.

NEW YORK, May 4.—This market advanced to middling 1/4, but the market was not so active as yesterday.

The usual attraction for the bears, who hammered successfully, knocking it down to 10 1/4, but the market was not so active as yesterday.

The market was not so active as yesterday, but the market was not so active as yesterday.

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the influence of buying or selling orders, as they were received. The weakness in the final trading was owing to some liberal selling orders being received.

Just before the close, it is said to be conjectured whether the next turn on the market will be upward or toward lower prices.

The cotton outlook is certainly blue enough, but the tremendous volume of business discounted a very bad condition of things.

The weak local interest has been wiped out, and the market in relief of its dead weight, and under these circumstances we look for a rather lively market.

The movements not all as heretofore, in one direction. Prices may go lower, but we regard short sales now as extra hazardous.

The New Orleans Crop Statement.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Statement of the cotton crop movement issued by the New Orleans cotton exchange for the week ending 1, 1882, to May 4, 1884, inclusive: Port receipts 5,702,832 bales, against 4,750,000 in 1882, and 4,750,000 in 1883; overland to mills and Canada, 727,822, against 812,822 in 1882, and 812,822 in 1883; interior, 1,385,388, against 1,385,388 in 1882, and 1,385,388 in 1883.

Comparisons in these reports are made up to the corresponding date last year and year before last. Comparisons by weeks would take in 217 days of the season of last year and 218 days of the season of year before last. The figures for the first four days of May, 1884, against 4,000 and 4,000 in 1883, and 4,000 in 1882.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 4.—1215 p.m.—Cotton, spot and futures, with a few exceptions, were steady. The market was not so active as yesterday.

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value. The oats market is promising to be a very active and interesting one, and traders are curious to know just what will be the outcome of the May deal.

Corn has also been active and higher, helped by the strength in the wheat market.

In wheat the opening proved to be the low point of the day. There has not been much for sale except in a realizing way. Operators still think Armour will carry out his threat of yesterday in regard to shipping a large quantity to Buffalo unless he gets a reduction in freight.

The strong feature of the day has been the surprisingly large clearances, in all about 100,000 bushels. Closing cables indicated a very much firmer feeling and quoted foreign markets slightly higher.

The Northwest was a good buyer, probably on account of the small receipts up there, only five cars at Duluth. Local receipts were also light. The local market was quiet and some selling for the time being, but offerings were quickly absorbed. In fact, the market has been a strong one the entire session which has very much encouraged holders.

Chicago Gossip.

By private wire to J. C. Knox, manager—opening cables—cargoes off coast, wheat, very little inquiry; corn, nothing offering. On passage and for shipment wheat inactive; slow. Liverpool pool quiet and unchanged. Corn, spot quiet and 1/4 higher; futures firm and unchanged.

Closing Cables—Liverpool—Wheat, spot 1/4 off; futures 1/4 to 1/2 up. Corn, spot 1/4 up; futures 1/4 to 1/2 up. Berne—Wheat 1/4, flour 1/2; Antwerp wheat unchanged.

The wheat trade is small and professional, but offerings are light, and the price advanced. The northwestern is supposed to have been in the wheat market, but the commission houses leading the selling.

The visible is estimated to increase on Monday about 3,000,000 bushels. For the same week last year it decreased 1,800,000 bushels.

Exports of wheat

THE CONSTITUTION, JR.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

FOR THE INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT OF THE YOUNG READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Best Free, as a Supplement, to the Readers of the Daily Constitution.

All Letters and Communications Intended for the Constitution, Jr., should be addressed to The Editor, Constitution, Jr., Atlanta, Ga., May 5, 1891.

The Prize Picture Contest.
We have hoped to announce in this issue of the Constitution, Jr., the prize picture contest, which closed last week, but the committee has been unable to finish them in time to announce the prize picture contest.

LAFFAYETTE'S FIRST BATTLE.
When Lafayette took the idea of tendering his sword to the struggling American colonies he had not reckoned on the fact that he was to be the first to do so. In the year 1776, the young Frenchman was almost afraid to present his sword to the American people, but he did it. It looked a little like the first of a long line of similar acts, but it was the best work. However, the boys and girls, when they have stories about Lafayette, will have to decide for themselves what the best of the best is.

THE MISTAKE AS TO WILLIAM.
Early in the morning Fred and Jack ran out to the yard to inspect their new and shiny bicycle. They had been told that it was a fine one, and they were sure to like it. They had arrived at the day when they were to have it, and they were sure to like it. They had arrived at the day when they were to have it, and they were sure to like it.

Jack, who was beginning to feel a little better, was sitting in the yard. He was looking at the bicycle, and he was thinking about it. He was thinking about it, and he was thinking about it. He was thinking about it, and he was thinking about it. He was thinking about it, and he was thinking about it.



The boy and girl were standing next to the bicycle. They were looking at it, and they were thinking about it. They were thinking about it, and they were thinking about it. They were thinking about it, and they were thinking about it. They were thinking about it, and they were thinking about it.

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A BOY IN A WRECK.

BY J. D. GORMAN.

The loss of the *Ville de Havre* off the coast of Normandy, in the month of May, 1890, is remembered in this century. It was a disaster of this century. It was a disaster of this century.

Among the passengers was a New York boy named Maurice. He was a boy of about ten years of age. He was a boy of about ten years of age. He was a boy of about ten years of age.

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THE PUZZLER.

Word Square.

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DON'T

have your watches ruined by irresponsible and incompetent workmen. It is much more economical in the end to have them repaired by skilled workmen.

We employ only the finest watchmakers, and a watch repaired by us is made as good as new, and then guaranteed. If your watch needs repairing see us about it.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers.

take warning

Some dealers, greedy for profit, are refilling "canadian club" bottles with inferior whisky—don't permit them to impose on you—you pay the price and deserve honest treatment—see that you get it—or come to us.

bluthenthal "b&b."

whiskies, whiskies, whiskies. At the bridge. 44 and 46 Marietta street.

"old oscar pepper."

"highland rye."

"four aces" whisky.

Bad blood

Is the cause of nine-tenths of all human ailments. The most painful diseases, the most disfiguring complaints have their origin in an impure condition of the blood, which was neglected and allowed to work its terrible results. The victims of impure blood are everywhere—in the street, in the cars, in factories and on farms. But bad blood is not incurable. No one need despair. There is a medicine which makes pure, healthy blood and cures. **Brown's Iron Bitters** should be taken regularly and faithfully by those whose blood is in an impure, thin, diseased condition. Constipation and biliousness vanish and the entire system is renewed. *It won't stain the teeth.*

REMEMBER, THAT SUBSTITUTES ARE FRAUDS. IT IS YOUR INTEREST TO LOOK FOR THE GENUINE BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ON THE WRAPPER.

That's the Genuine.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

IMITATORS AROUND

of most of the successful things, and especially of the world-famed

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

Therefore for satisfaction, get the genuine with this signature in blue.



A. K. HAWKES, Manufacturing Optician

The only optical plant run by electric motor power in the state. All the latest inventions for testing eyesight, established twenty-three years. Headquarters for the United States, 12 Whitehall street.

"THE BEST" BAKING POWDER.

This superior article, because of its high quality and moderate price, is growing rapidly in popularity.

THE C. I. KAMPER GROCERY CO.

Phone 628. 300 and 302 Peachtree St.

The Whisky Habit

treated scientifically and a successful cure guaranteed. Dr. Tucker, 16 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

mar 25-mon-wed-fri sat.

HOTELS.

The Lithia Hotel.

At Lithia Springs, Ga., will open for the summer May 10th. This hotel has only 35 rooms, but is nicely furnished and in perfect repair.

The rates will be from \$7 to \$9 per week. It is a well known fact that the smaller and lower priced hotels are generally badly kept and many people do without their summer rest for that reason, not wishing to pay the higher rates of the large houses. Mr. M. N. Thompson, the proprietor, has had many years' experience in first-class hotels and will cater only to the best trade.

ATLANTA GETS IT.

The Establishment of a Bonded Warehouse Secured at Last.

A LETTER FROM COLONEL LIVINGSTON

How the Warehouse Will Be Conducted. Altogether a Matter of Private Enterprise—Surveyor Stocker Talks.

Atlanta will have a bonded warehouse. The efforts of Congressman Livingston have been successful, and before many days the merchants of Atlanta will have a place in which to store their imports.

The surveyor of customs, Mr. Stocker, received notification from Washington yesterday that his application had met with a favorable consideration, and at the same time the manner of establishing and conducting the warehouse was also outlined.

Although Atlanta will receive the same benefits and the plan of operation to some extent is similar, there will be a radical difference between the warehouse to be established and the one applied for and anticipated by Mr. Stocker. It was at first supposed that if the attempt to secure the warehouse was successful a large building would be erected by the government suitable and ample enough to store imports of any kind and that the business would be carried on by regularly employed government officials.

This, however, will not be the case. The establishment of the warehouse will be a matter of private enterprise, and will in no way be conducted by the government. Just upon this point a letter of Secretary Hamilton to Congressman Livingston, which was afterwards forwarded to Surveyor Stocker, throws some light. The letter says:

"For your information it is stated that the establishment of a bonded warehouse is altogether a matter of private enterprise. At ports where there is available space in the customhouse premises it may be used for the storage of imported merchandise in bond. Where such space is not available and there are no private bonded warehouses, no other entry of merchandise in bond than that for consumption should be permitted, and if such an entry is not made upon the arrival of goods it is the duty of the chief of customs officers to take possession thereof and to store the same in premises to be rented for the purpose, the rent and all other expenses to be charged against the goods."

"My interpretation of the matter," said Mr. Stocker yesterday, "is that the government puts into my hands the privilege of appointing some one who lives here to take charge of the warehouse receiving as compensation for it the rents paid in for storage. All imports coming into Atlanta will, after being appraised and unless taken away immediately, be stored in this bonded warehouse. This will be a great benefit to all our merchants who sell imported merchandise. When the warehouse is established goods can be ordered by them in large quantities and paid for as they are removed. There are merchants in Atlanta—I know this from personal observation—whose business affairs are affected by the present method of getting their imports into the city. Hereafter all of these difficulties will be obviated and there will no longer be any inconvenience in obtaining things from abroad."

"I look upon this as a great step towards the success of our exposition and the gates are thrown open now for foreign exhibits. These exhibits as they arrive will be sent at once to the warehouse where they will be properly recorded and afterwards bonded out."

Mr. Stocker said that he had no idea upon whose charge the warehouse would be placed or where it would be situated. He has already received several applications from different sources and some good houses have been offered for use.

"There is one thing," continued Stocker, "that must not be neglected, the railroads also must be bonded. Only two roads enter Atlanta, have bonded themselves, and one of these brings in imports only in car load lots. What we want now, and what we must have, is the bonding of all the roads leading into the city, and especially of those roads from the coast."

"For some time I have been in communication with the authorities of several lines and I think that there will be no trouble in obtaining their co-operation just as soon as the warehouse can be permanently established."

Railroad Y. M. C. A. Service.

The time of holding the Sunday afternoon meeting has been changed from 3:30 to 4 o'clock. Tomorrow afternoon, Hon. A. C. Briscoe, secretary of the railroad commission of Georgia, will address the meeting. All railroad men and friends of railroad men are invited. The singing will be enjoyable. Captain R. P. Dodge, chairman of the membership committee, has called a meeting of his committee for next Monday night.

The committee of management will hold its regular monthly meeting next Thursday evening.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

The fashionable ladies' corrective tonic is Angostura Bitters, the world renowned tonic of Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute article. Take Hood's and only Hood's.

Auction Sale.

Attend auction sale today at 4:30 p. m. at No. 158 Mills street.

GOODE, BECK & CO., Agents.

Water Cure Sanitarium.

is permanently located in Griffin, Ga., to receive and treat all invalids. Send postage stamp for circular.

March 12, 1936.

DR. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Proprietor.

mar 12-12 m.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room moulding. 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading specialists in all diseases peculiar to men and women. 27 1/2 South Broad street.

mar 13-13.

At Auction.

Four-room house at auction today at 4:30 p. m. on premises, No. 158 Mills street.

GOODE, BECK & CO., Agents.

For Kidney Troubles

use Royal Gremetour

9:30 p. m. is the hour.

Tuesday, May 8th, is the day.

The Georgia Pacific Railroad

Is the route

Of the Great Baptist Special Train to Dallas, Tex.

Through Pullman sleepers

And luxurious day coaches.

may 1 to 8

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

—wid's Pair Highest Award.

DO YOU

Do you observe the laws of life?
Do you take good care of yourself at all times?

Do you always use clear judgment instead of often acting upon impulse?
Do you carefully guard the life and health of those who are dependent upon you?

Do you stop to think when you feel chilly, have a cough, a headache or a tired feeling, that it means danger?

Do you know that a little care and caution at the right time will avoid all these things and put you in a strong and good condition again?

Do you know that the best physicians, scientists and the leading people of the land recommend a pure stimulant as the only thing to take at such times?

Do you not know that there is but one pure medicinal stimulant in the world, namely, Duffy's Pure Malt, and that it is exceedingly popular wholly because of its merits?

Do you not understand that a druggist or grocer will try to sell something cheaper and inferior because he can make more money upon it, when you are entitled to have the very best you can get and precisely what you call for?

Do you not know that if you follow the suggestions given above you can keep yourself in perfect condition and avoid all possibility of colds, chills or the sickness which come at this time of the year?

Double Breasted Sack Suit

\$15.25

to

\$17.50

according to cloth selected

Cut to Order.

DUN BEA READY MADE MAN

Plymouth Rock Pants Company

70 Whitehall St.

feb 27—tues thru sat—top col arm 5 or 8 ps

Clearance Sale

SHOES.

We have many shoes, single pairs of a kind that we have placed on racks in our store and marked at prices to sell them. If you can find your size and what you want you can certainly save money, as many shoes are marked at

Less Than One-Half Former Price.

This list includes ladies' and children's button and lace shoes, Oxford Ties of all kinds, house slippers, and in fact all kinds of shoes. We mean this for a clearance sale, one that will rid us of shoes that are all right, only single pairs of a kind.

Our regular stock is almost complete in reasonable footwear.

In cheap and medium priced shoes at moderate figures we are ahead of any competitor.

See our windows and notice the prices, all in plain figures and at prices that will sell them.

M. L. LAMBERT,

82 Whitehall Street. 82

may 4-11

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. D. S. ARNOLD,

DENTIST.

Crown and bridge work a specialty. Over Bratton's Drug Store, Peachtree street.

feb 1-ly

HALL BROTHERS,

Civil and mining engineers, 67 Gate City bank building, Atlanta, Ga. Surveys of all kinds. Special attention given to mines, quarries and hydraulics. By July 29-ly

R. T. DORSEY, P. H. BREWSTER, ALBERT HOWELL

LAWYERS.

Offices—1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 Lowe Building, 4 1/2 Whitehall street. Telephone 530.

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JOHN T. GLENN, SLATON & PHILLIPS,

Attorneys at Law, Atlanta, Ga.

Grant Building.

april 1-ly

DR. DIVINE

Resumes General Practice.

Office 6 1/2 Whitehall, corner of Hunter street. Telephone 725.

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Attorneys at Law, 510 Mulberry street, Macon, Ga. Any matters entrusted to our care, whether in or out of the city of Macon, will receive prompt and careful attention.

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Attorney at Law.

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THE ATLANTA PLUMBING COMPANY

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Contractors of Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

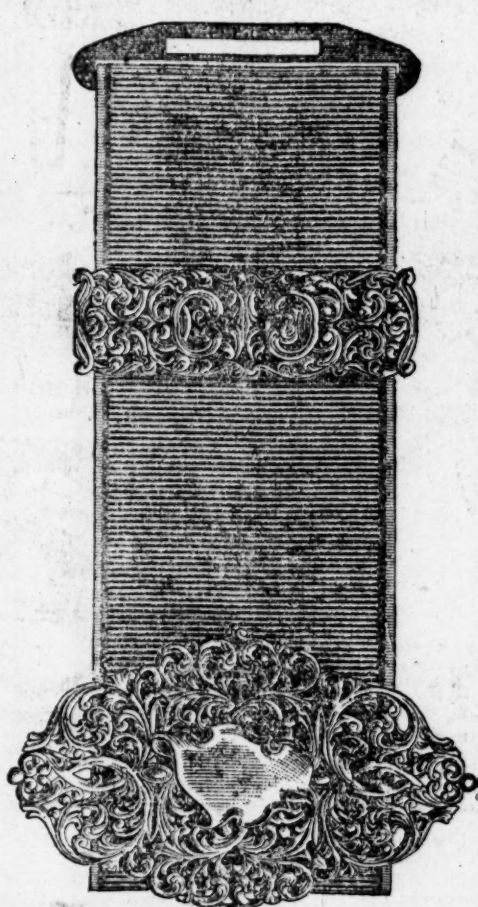
12 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

A twinkle in his eye and a happy smile which lapsed into a hearty laugh. A townsman of yours and ours. He likes to dress well and to economize. The merriment was the outcome of an achievement. Would you know?

He put on one of our \$18 Business Suits and the mirror assured him that it had the grace, the style, the fit and the indescribable air of the Merchant Tailor's \$40 best.

Eads-Neel Co.

The Very Latest Styles.



Large Assortment.

MAIER & BERKELE, Jewelers,

31 Whitehall Street.

The Best Shoes for the Least Money.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.

\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoes.

Best custom work, costing from \$3 to \$5.

\$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles.

Best Walking Shoe ever made.

\$2.50, and \$2 Shoes,

Unequaled at the price.

Boys \$2 & \$1.75 School Shoes

Are the Best for Service.

LADIES'

\$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75

Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brocton Mass.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

G. C. RODGERS, 151 Decatur Street.

W. D. SMITH, 38 Decatur Street.

GREAT PANIC SALE



Of Fine Furniture, beginning Monday morning at 10 o'clock. This suit, white and gold, French enamel, fine India brocade, only \$35.00; the cheapest suit on earth!

\$50,000.00

Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, Hatcases, Bookcases, Wardrobes, Chiffoniers, Couches, Easy Chairs.

30 solid oak Hotel Suits, with spring beds, mattresses and bedding, at half price. Everything must be sold.

P. H. SNOOK & SON.

Rare Bargains

IN

China and Glassware

Slaughter sale of odd lots! Remnants must go regardless of cost! See these prices:

Decorated real China Dinner Sets, \$15.

Decorated real China Tea Sets, \$8.

Gold band and decorated China Cups and Saucers, 25c each.

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